

Comprehensive Coordinated Early Intervening Services (CCEIS) & the Consolidated Funding Application (CFA)

The Consolidated Funding Application (CFA) must be completed by each LEA and includes funds awarded for the following: Title I, Part A; Title I, Part A Neglected; Title I, Part D; Title II, Part A; Title III, Part A; Title IV; Title V, Part B (Rural & Low-Income Schools); and IDEA (Part B and Preschool). The CFA must be reviewed and approved by the Tennessee Department of Education (the department). Access to the CFA is provided through the department's online funding and planning portal, ePlan.

If an LEA is determined to have significant disproportionality based on race and ethnicity utilizing state criteria, the LEA must utilize Comprehensive Coordinated Early Intervening Services (CCEIS) (IDEA § 618(d)(2)(B)). The amount expended by an LEA under Coordinated Early Intervening Services (CEIS) shall count toward the maximum amount of the expenditures such LEAs may reduce in the CFA – Permissive Use of Funds – A. Adjustment to Local Effort.

Regulation: 34 CFR §300.646

Funds: LEAs must set aside exactly 15 percent of IDEA Part B funds (611 and 619).

Target Group: The group that qualifies for and will receive Comprehensive CEIS and determines which children from that target group receive Comprehensive CEIS. CCEIS can serve students with or without disabilities age 3 through twelfth grade, particularly, but not exclusively, children in those groups who are significantly overidentified.

Permitted Activities:

- Professional development and educational and behavioral evaluations, services and supports.
- Activities must address factors and policy, practice, or procedure identified by the LEA as contributing to the significant disproportionality.

Reporting Requirements: An LEA is required to publicly report on the revision of policies, practices, and procedures. An LEA is required to report to the state and the state is required to report to the U.S. Department of Education the following:

- the number of children served under this section who received early intervening services, and
- the number of children served under this section who received early intervening services and subsequently received special education and related services under Part B of IDEA during the preceding 2-year period.

How should LEAs track funds?

- The LEA should track the amount it reserved and spent for Comprehensive CEIS to ensure that the LEA spent the full 15 percent of the LEA's IDEA Part B subgrant for Comprehensive CEIS.
- The LEA must track the use of Comprehensive CEIS funds to ensure that the funds were used to supplement, and not supplant, other federal, state, or local funds.
- The funds must be set up in a separate sub-fund code or cost-centered to ensure they are being spent as required.



• The LEA should track the IDEA funds it used for all children in the target group until the LEA has spent the funds or until 27 months after the allocation of funds.

Note: For each LEA, SEAs are required, as part of the MOE reduction and CEIS data submission to OSEP, to report the amount of IDEA funds reserved for CEIS (whether voluntary or comprehensive), the number of children provided voluntary CEIS supported by those funds, and the number of children provided those services who subsequently received special education services under Part B. Starting with the 2023-24 school year, SEAs are required to report the number of children with and without disabilities who received comprehensive CEIS.

Available Resources

- Assigned FPO IDEA Divisional Coordinator
- Assigned <u>Regional Finance Consultant</u>
- In-person or virtual spring regional training (Feb.-March) IDEA
- In-person or virtual spring regional work sessions (April) IDEA
- In <u>ePlan</u>, go to *TDOE Resources > IDEA Information, Guidance, PPTs, & Webinars > Significant Disproportionality:*
 - o Significant Disproportionality Screenshots and Instructions
 - Significant Disproportionality Overview
 - o Significant Disproportionality Overview Slide Notes
- In <u>ePlan</u>, go to LEA Document Library > 2024 > Significant Disproportionality:
 - Determination Letter
 - Significant Disproportionality Determination Letter
 - Significant Disproportionality Acknowledgement Form
 - Data Files
 - Significant Disproportionality Data Display
 - Significant Disproportionality Disaggregated Data
 - Appeals
 - Significant Disproportionality Appeal Instructions
 - Significant Disproportionality Appeal Form



Federal Guidance

Federal Register / Vol. 81, No. 243 / Monday, December 19, 2016 / Rules and Regulations U.S. Department of Education – 34 CFR Part 300 – Assistance to States for the Education of Children with Disabilities; Preschool Grants for Children with Disabilities

Effective Date: January 18, 2017 Compliance Date: July 1, 2018 Summary

The Secretary amends the regulations under Part B of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) governing the Assistance to States for the Education of Children with Disabilities program and the Preschool Grants for Children with Disabilities program. With the goal of promoting equity under IDEA, the regulations will establish a standard methodology States must use to determine whether significant disproportionality based on race and ethnicity is occurring in the State and in its local educational agencies (LEAs); clarify that States must address significant disproportionality in the incidence, duration, and type of disciplinary actions, including suspensions and expulsions, using the same statutory remedies required to address significant disproportionality in the identification and placement of children with disabilities; clarify requirements for the review and revision of policies, practices, and procedures when significant disproportionality is found; and require that LEAs identify and address the factors contributing to significant disproportionality as part of comprehensive coordinated early intervening services (comprehensive CEIS) and allow these services for children from age 3 through grade 12, with and without disabilities.

Purpose of This Regulatory Action

The purpose of these final regulations is to promote equity in IDEA. Specifically, the final regulations will help to ensure that States meaningfully identify LEAs with significant disproportionality and that States assist LEAs in ensuring that children with disabilities are properly identified for services, receive necessary services in the least restrictive environment, and are not disproportionately removed from their educational placements by disciplinary removals...When a state educational agency (SEA) identifies LEAs with significant disproportionality in one or more of these areas (race; ethnicity; identification of children with particular impairments; placement of children in particular educational settings; and the incidence, duration, and type of disciplinary actions, including suspensions and expulsions) annually based on the collection and examination of their data, States must: (2) require the LEA to reserve the maximum amount (15 percent) of its Part B funds to be used for comprehensive coordinated early intervening services (comprehensive CEIS) to serve children in the LEA, particularly, but not exclusively, children in those groups that were significantly over-identified.



Timeline & Action Steps	
Oct.	LEAs notified of significant disproportionality status for FY26
Nov.	 If identified for significant disproportionality for FY26, complete and submit the Significant Disproportionality Acknowledgement Form in ePlan's LEA Document Library. Identified LEAs may appeal the significant disproportionality status by completing/submitting the appeals form in ePlan's LEA Document Library. The data used for calculations will be provided by the department.
Dec.	• LEAs appealing significant disproportionality status for FY26 must upload corrections and corroborating documentation for the data.
Jan.	 LEAs currently identified for FY25 Significant Disproportionality will complete CCEIS/CEIS monitoring.
Feb.	Department issues final determination of significant disproportionality for FY26.
Feb March	 Attend regional training hosted by FPO for the FY26 CFA. Start compiling necessary data sources and information to complete the FY26 CFA. These data sources may include but are not limited to: special education student enrollment per disability; student enrollment per school (during the current school year); staff benefits and assignments; and staff for significant disproportionality (if applicable).
March- April	 Meet with school-level staff to discuss student needs. Discussions should focus on return on investment in staffing, instruction materials/supplies, and changes to supplemental programming. Remind school-level leadership teams items paid for with federal dollars must be outlined in the school improvement plan. Discussions with schools in the determination of significant disproportionality.
April	• Start reviewing, compiling documents, and completing the CFA (CCEIS Mandatory page), attend regional work sessions, and check your FY26 CFA with a divisional coordinator (CCEIS budgeted with line-item narratives stating CCEIS funds/amounts).
May	Submit the completed FY26 CFA in ePlan.
May-June	Revise the LEA's FY26 CFA based on the department's feedback and recommendations.
June	Review and gather final CCEIS expenses to ensure correct carry-over amounts.
July	FY26 CFA approved.
July-Sept.	 Review and upload final CCEIS budget expenditure and encumbrance reports for verification of required expenses in IDEA Part B – 142 and General Purpose – 141 (transferred out).