

FY23 Monitoring Trends

FPO Compliance Team

Division of Federal Programs and Oversight

Aug. 22-24, 2023

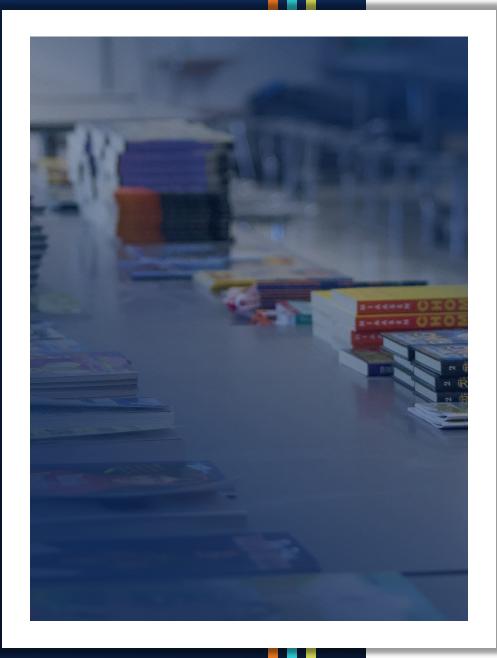






Co-Presenters

- **Geneva Taylor** | Senior Director of Compliance
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Agenda

- Overview
- Common Trends
 - Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA)
 - Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA)
 - Strengthening Career and Technical Education for the 21st Century Act (Perkins V)
 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Funds (1.0, 2.0, & 3.0)
 - Fiscal
 - Other
- Activities
- Resources
- Updates
- Conclusion



ACADEMICS

ALL TENNESSEE STUDENTS WILL HAVE ACCESS TO A HIGH-QUALITY EDUCATION, NO MATTER WHERE THEY LIVE

STUDENT READINESS

TENNESSEE PUBLIC SCHOOLS WILL BE EQUIPPED TO SERVE THE ACADEMIC AND NON-ACADEMIC NEEDS OF ALL STUDENTS IN THEIR CAREER PATHWAYS

EDUCATORS

TENNESSEE WILL SET A NEW PATH FOR
THE EDUCATION PROFESSION AND BE
THE TOP STATE IN WHICH TO BECOME AND
REMAIN A TEACHER AND LEADER FOR ALL

Overview





FY24 Monitoring Processes

- Results-Based Monitoring (RBM)
 - Level 3 (*In-Person*)
 - Level 2 (Virtual with Interview Component)
 - Level 1 (Virtual; no interview component)
- Individualized Educational Plan (IEP) Monitoring
- Coordinated Early Intervening Services (CEIS) Monitoring
- Comprehensive Coordinated Early Intervening Services (CCEIS)
 Monitoring
- Focus Monitoring



Recognition

- Trends can help your local education agency (LEA) mitigate risk, even if your LEA has not received findings or corrections in this area.
- We all have different areas of expertise.
- We all have a different number of years in our positions.
- Identify an area that you do well.
- Identify an area that you would like to improve.



Throughout the presentation...

- Minimize distractions.
- Take notes.
- Identify an area (or areas) that you could help improve in your LEA.



ESSA Trends





ESSA Monitoring Components

- Title I, Part A Improving Basic Programs
- Title I, Part A Students in Foster Care
- Title I, Part C Education of Migratory Children
- Title II, Part A Supporting Effective Instruction
- Title III, Part A English Language Acquisition
- Title III Immigrant Students
- Title IV, Part A Student Support and Academic Enrichments
- Title IX, Part A Education for Homeless Children and Youth
- Title I, Part A Targeted Assistance
- Title V, Part B Rural Education Initiative

Title I, Part A – Improving Basic Programs

Non-Compliance Trend:

 Not having an invitation, agenda, and sign-in sheets as proof of meeting to develop the family engagement policy



Title I, Part A – Students in Foster Care

- Lack of policies and procedures for enrolling and serving students in foster care
- Lack of training to all appropriate school-level enrollment personnel and administrators on the requirements of educational stability for students in foster care



Title I, Part C – Education of Migratory Children

 Lack of a written process to identify, code, and serve students who are Migrant students according to the federal definition



Title III, Part A – English Language Acquisition

- No written procedure for how the LEA provides translation and/or interpretation to family members
- Not ensuring students have English as a Second Language (ESL) service times in alignment with WIDA scores and not including transition times between EL classes
- Individual Learning Plan (ILP) templates not including all requirements



Title III – Immigrant Students

 Lack of procedure outlining the process to identify, code, and serve immigrant students



Title IX, Part A – Education for Homeless Children and Youth

- Out of date or incomplete contact information on "Educational Rights of Homeless Children and Youth" posters
- Incomplete LEA-level dispute resolution process





ESSA Action Steps to Correct Trending Non-Compliance

- The LEA indicated it uses students or family members to provide translation and interpretation services.
- However, translation and interpretation are requirements under Title I, Part A (ESSA § 1112). Further, the <u>U.S. Department of Justice</u> <u>factsheet</u> states, "Schools must provide translation and interpretation from appropriate and competent individuals and may not rely on or ask students, siblings, friends, or untrained school staff to translate or interpret for parents."
- The LEA must ensure it has a written procedure for translation and interpretation for English Learner (EL) families and must ensure all school leaders and applicable staff are aware of the procedure.



ESSA Action Steps to Correct Trending Non-Compliance

- Develop a sign-in and agenda template to ensure needed details are captured: meeting title, date, start and end times, signature, and role.
- Save training documentation and merge together in a PDF file.
- Ensure processes followed are in writing.



ESSA Action Steps to Correct Trending Non-Compliance

- Check ESL service times for alignment with WIDA scores.
- Check ESL schedules for transition times between classes.
- Correct out-of-date or incomplete contact information on "Educational Rights of Homeless Children and Youth" posters.
- Complete the LEA-level dispute resolution process and ensure alignment with the State-level dispute resolution process.

IDEA Trends from Results Based Monitoring





FY23 IDEA Monitoring Components

- IDEA, Part B
- IDEA, Part B, Preschool
- Students with Disabilities (SWD) Detained in Jails
- IDEA Equitable Services to Non-Public Schools

IDEA, Part B: Isolation & Restraint

Lack of procedures that align with TN SBE Rule 0520-01-09-.23 Isolation and Restraint for Students Receiving Special Education Services, specifically around timelines, time constraints, and reporting incidents to the department.



IDEA, Preschool

 Insufficient evidence preschool SWDs are being served by a teacher with an endorsement covering the work assignment as outlined in TN SBE Rule 0520-02-03-.11



IDEA, Part B: Discipline

 Insufficient evidence that the discipline procedures outlined in 34 C.F.R. § 300.530 are being followed concerning SWDs regarding suspension and expulsion



IDEA, Part B: Gifted

 No documentation of a certified gifted teacher that meets the employability standards as outlined in TN SBE Rule 0520-02-06-.02(2) and/or a plan of consultation in place with a certified gifted teacher outside of the LEA.



IDEA, Preschool

Insufficient evidence the discipline procedures outlined in 34
 C.F.R. § 300.530 are being followed concerning SWDs ages 3-5
 regarding suspension and expulsion





IDEA Action Steps to Correct Trending Non-Compliance

- Develop and/or update written procedures.
 - Isolation/Restraint
 - Gifted Education
 - Preschool Least Restrictive Environment (LRE)

Students with Disabilities Detained in Jails

• An LEA with a jail within its geographic boundaries must work in coordination with the county-operated detention center to provide special education and related services to adult detainees with disabilities who are legally mandated to receive an education (TN SBE 0520-01-09).





IDEA Action Steps to Correct Trending Non-Compliance

- Document collaboration, such as a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU), with a jail or detention center within LEA geographic boundaries.
 - Written process to serve students
 - Documentation that students receive services (TN SBE Rule 0520-01-09)



IDEA Action Steps to Correct Trending Non-Compliance

- Ensure educators have proper endorsements to teach the students that are in their classroom(s).
 - a certified gifted teacher that meets the employability standards (TN SBE Rule 0520-02-06-.02(2)) and/or
 - a plan of consultation in place with a certified gifted teacher outside of the LEA.
 - evidence preschool students with disabilities are being served by a teacher with an endorsement covering the work assignment (TN SBE Rule 0520-02-03-.11).

Perkins V Trends







Perkins V Monitoring Components

- Perkins V Cross-Cutting
- Effective Educators
- Students with Disabilities (SWD)
- Students in Special Populations (Non-SWD Groups)

Perkins V Cross-Cutting

- Lack of documentation showing an attempt to consult representatives from all required stakeholder groups to inform the comprehensive local needs assessment (CLNA)
- Lack of documentation showing evidence gained by consulting CLNA stakeholders
 - According to Perkins V § 134(c)(2)(D)&(E), LEAs are required to consult a diverse group of stakeholders, as defined in Perkins V, on specific topics/content for the creation and revision of the CLNA and the local application on an ongoing basis.



Effective Educators

- Lacking documentation showing the LEA provided sufficient evidence for Career and Technical Education (CTE) educator trainings that meet the requirements of professional development (PD) as outlined in Perkins V § 3(40)
 - PD is defined as activities providing the skills to ensure student success in CTE, and that are sustained (not stand-alone, one-day, or short-term workshops), intensive, collaborative, job-embedded, data-driven, and classroom-focused, and to the extent practicable evidence-based.



Students with Disabilities

- Lacking evidence that specific career guidance and academic counseling for students with disabilities throughout their secondary career is occurring consistently at all schools
 - According to Perkins V § 134(b)(3)(C), the LEA must provide a description
 of an organized system of career guidance and academic counseling prior
 to enrollment in CTE courses and throughout their CTE careers for all
 students, especially students with disabilities.



Students in Special Populations (Non-SWD Groups)

- Lacking evidence showing how special populations are identified, what data is collected, and how data is analyzed for gaps and barriers
- According to Perkins V § 113(b)(4)(B)(ii), LEAs must identify students in special populations and disaggregate data for the subgroups of students described in ESSA § 1111(h)(1)(C)(ii) and Perkins V § 3(48). LEAs must also identify and quantify any disparities or gaps in performance as described in Perkins V § 113(3)(C)(ii)(II), including special populations as defined by Perkins V, and the performance of all CTE concentrators served by the LEA.



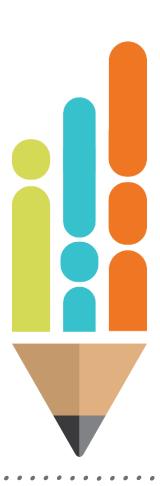


Perkins V Action Steps to Correct Trending Non-Compliance

- Ensure the following items are well documented:
 - -Training (include proof of attendance, agenda, and training materials),
 - data collection (methods, discussions, related meetings and decision-making business rules), and
 - -proof of supporting vulnerable subgroups in CTE.

Size, Scope, and Quality Indicators (SSQIs)

- Separate instrument under revision
- SSQI portfolios not meeting compliance as set out in the Tennessee State Perkins V plan
 - Level 3= Portfolios for 25% of the programs at each participating school are reviewed
 - Level 2= Only the two POS identified in the CTE local application as the high-quality POS are reviewed
 - greater than 75% of portfolios reviewed must meet compliance
 - Perkins V § 135(b) outlines the requirements for use of funds stating they are to be used on CTE programs of sufficient size, scope, and quality.



Fiscal Trends





Fiscal Monitoring Components

- Organized by Updated Pages Names for FY24:
 - General Fiscal
 - Travel
 - Equipment
 - Procurement and Contracts
 - ESSA Use of Funds
 - IDEA Use of Funds
 - Perkins V Use of Funds
 - ESSER 1.0, 2.0, & 3.0 Use of Funds

General Fiscal Requirements

Due to the excessive carryover amounts, current-year allocations are not benefiting current-year students (34 C.F.R. §§ 76.707-.710; 2 C.F.R. §§ 200.77, 200.309).

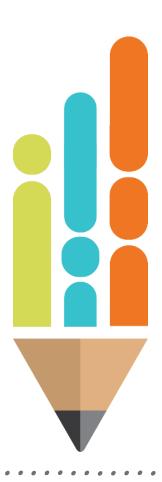
 If excess carryover is determined during monitoring, an LEA must provide a spend-down plan to expend the funds.



General Fiscal

The LEA must have written procedures regarding time and effort that demonstrate a system of internal control which provides reasonable assurance that personnel charges are accurate, allowable, and properly allocated (2 C.F.R. §§ 200.302-.303).

- LEAs must provide time and effort documentation:
 - Semi-Annual Certification signed and dated by the employee or supervisor for staff that is funded 100% by one grant or activity including stipends
 - Personnel Activity Report (PAR)/Monthly Activity for staff that is funded with more than one funding source



Travel

Documentation provided during the monitoring process did not clearly outline policies and procedures for travel. Board policy and procedures do not include mileage or expense rates.

 According to 2 C.F.R. § 200.475, policies and procedures for travel must be clearly documented.



Equipment

Some components required to be collected and documented as part of the equipment management process were missing in the provided inventory.

- Clear policies and procedures for equipment inventory management must be provided.
- All information must be provided on the inventory listing as required in 2 C.F.R. § 200.313.

Not all equipment was located, or equipment was incorrectly tagged.

■ The LEA must review asset reports to ensure all required data is included as outlined in 2 C.F.R. §§ 200.302(b)(4), 200.313(d)(1).



Procurement and Contracts

The approval from the federal program supervisor was not included on many documents including travel.

- According to 2 C.F.R. §§ 200.318, 200.208, the LEA must have federal program supervisor approval as evidence that the use of federal funds is necessary, reasonable, and allocable prior to purchase.
- This language must be included in the LEA's written procurement and contract policy and procedures.
- Federal program supervisor includes ESSA, IDEA, ESSER, and CTE directors.



ESSA and IDEA Use of Funds

Monitoring teams were unable to match expenditures in ePlan with submitted reimbursement request documents.

- According to 2 C.F.R. §§ 200.300-.309, costs must be adequately documented.
- 2 C.F.R. § 200.403 states costs must meet specific criteria to be allowable under federal awards.

Take advantage of templates in the monitoring instrument.

Account Code(s)	\$ Amount	on (All fields are requi	Page Number(s)	Optional Notes		TDOE to Complete T on of Item(s) Purchased	Does Documentation Suppor Amount Requested?
LEA Number LEA Name Voucher# Request Period Amount Federal Grant	If amount requ	s "Fiscal Information As uested does not match s					



Perkins V Use of Funds

Not all equipment was located. Equipment was incorrectly tagged.

- Clear policies and procedures for equipment inventory management must be provided.
- All information must be provided on the inventory listing as required in 2 C.F.R. § 200.313.



ESSER (1.0, 2.0, & 3.0) Use of Funds

The LEA did not provide evidence for contracts and bids using ESSER Funds.

The LEA did not provide evidence that compliance with the Davis-Bacon Act was met for construction projects.

 According to 2 C.F.R. § 200.320, documentation must be provided to ensure federal procurement methods and other laws are followed.



Supplement Not Supplant Testing

LEAs could not demonstrate that state and local funds are distributed to schools equitably whether schools receive Title I, Part A funding (Supplement Not Supplant (SNS) [20 U.S.C. § 6314(a)(2)(B)].

- LEAs must follow their written methodology.
- The purpose of SNS testing is to determine whether all schools equitably receive state and local funding regardless of whether schools receive Title I, Part A funding.





Summary of Fiscal Monitoring Components

- Sufficient and clearly stated policies and procedures must be present to guide the performance of duties.
 - Policies and procedures must be followed.
 - Update to align with current practices as appropriate.
 - Set time on your calendar to review at least annually.
- Proper approval by program/project director for expenditures
- Cash management policies
- Sufficient documentation for expenditures
- Equipment management

IEP Monitoring Trends





FY24 IEP Monitoring Components

Domains	Indicators
Initial Evaluation	16
Reevaluation	13
IEP	23
Transition (age 14-15)	3
Secondary Transition (age 16+)	6

Each indicator is evaluated on its own merits.

IEP Monitoring Common Trends

- Adverse Impact Statements: The statement does not describe specifically how the student's disability(ies) affect participation and progress in the general curriculum.
- Measurable Annual Goals (MAGs): The goal(s) do/does not contain complete measurement criteria (Frequency of Measurement).
- LEAs with the highest percentages of overall non-compliance were the *least* likely to self-identify non-compliance: The difference between LEA-flagged non-compliance and SEA-flagged non-compliance is factored into Risk Analysis.



Adverse Impact Statement Considerations 34 C.F.R. § 300.320(a)(1)(i-ii)

- Serves as the "opening statement" in determining the need and justification for special education services and supports, and includes:
 - observable actions or characteristics that explain or show *how* the student is specifically affected by the disability in the general education setting
 - the foundation for Present Levels of Educational Performance (PLEPs) and subsequent MAGs
 - a description the student's disability within the context of the curriculum
 - a description of the student who has been made eligible in a specific disability category
 - simple, definitive language



Adverse Impact Statement Considerations 34 C.F.R. § 300.320(a)(1)(i-ii)

- Serves as the "opening statement" in determining the need and justification for special education services and supports, and omits:
 - support/accommodations/modifications addressed in the IEP
 - comparison of student current ability or skill to same age or grade level peers.



Adverse Impact Statement Example

 (Student's) advanced skills cause them to become disengaged during instruction and results in distraction of others, verbal outbursts, and refusal to participate.

Compliant



Adverse Impact Statement Example

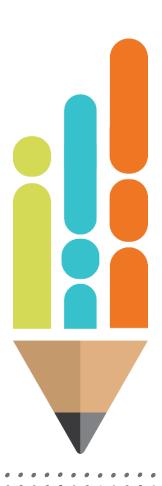
 (Student's) deficit areas of language and social/emotional behavior impact their access to and participation in the general education curriculum compared to their peers. These deficits will be supported in the IEP.

Non-Compliant



MAGs: 34 C.F.R. § 300.320(a)(2-4)

- Address each area identified as exceptional in the PLEPs;
- Contain the criteria for mastery and method of evaluation; and
- Include a statement of special education, related services, and supplementary aids to be provided to enable the child to advance toward attaining the annual goals.
- Note: Alternate assessment requires measurable goals and objectives.



MAGs: Consideration 34 C.F.R. § 300.320(a)(2-4)

- Ensure IEP goals are individualized for each student.
- Students who participate in the Alternate Assessment are required to have both goals and objectives.



MAGs: Relationship to Student Outcomes

- Provide consistent, measurable criteria by which progress in exceptional areas of academic and functional performance may be assessed.
- Communicate real-time progress to parents, teachers, service providers, and students.
- Ensure consistent, optimal alignment between services, supports, and student performance.



MAG Components

Α	Given (condition/materials/setting/ accommodation)	
В	Student Name	
C	will do what	
D	to what extent/at what mastery	
Ε	in this many chances	
F	at this frequency (of measurement)	
G	as measured by	



MAGs Example

 Given a grade level literary text, (Student) will answer craft and structure questions, 3 out of 5 times, with 70% accuracy by the end of her IEP as observed by her teachers.



MAG Components

Α	Given (condition/materials/setting/ accommodation)	Given a grade level literary text	
В	Student Name	Student	
С	will do what	answer craft and structure questions	
D	to what extent/at what mastery	70% accuracy	
Е	in this many chances	3 out of 5 times	
F	at this frequency (of measurement)		
G	as measured by	Teacher observations by the end of the IEP	

Transition TN SBE Rule 0520-01-09-.12

• At age fourteen (14) (or younger, if determined appropriate by the IEP team), all students will develop an initial four (4)-year plan of focused and purposeful high school study. The plan will be reviewed annually and amended as necessary and will connect the student's goals for high school including, the courses and/or training and/or skills necessary to meet their potential after high school. This required plan will include identifying possible transition service needs of the student under the applicable components of the student's IEP. This plan may be developed through a process in general education, but a copy must be in the student's IEP after approval by the IEP team.



IEP-Requirements-Transition

Student Invitation

 Must be addressed to the student and include consideration of transition as a purpose of the meeting.

Focused Plan of Study

Must include specific courses and be updated at least annually.

Measurable Postsecondary Goals (Four Questions)

 Must be measurable, updated annually, and should be used to develop the student's course of study.



Transition IEP Requirements 34 C.F.R. § 300.321(b)(1)

■ In accordance with paragraph (a)(7) of this section, the public agency must invite a child with a disability to attend the child's IEP Team meeting if a purpose of the meeting will be the consideration of the postsecondary goals for the child and the transition services needed to assist the child in reaching those goals under § 300.320(b).



Additional Areas to Consider

Accommodations

 Classroom accommodations must align with assessment accommodations.

Services and Least Restrictive Environment (LRE)

Times, locations, and descriptors must align.

Extended School Year (ESY)

Must contain data source if ESY determination is made.

Prior Written Notice (PWN)

Must contain the date of the meeting and the date sent to the parent.



Additional Areas to Consider

Re-evaluation

- Must contain at least one general education and one special education observation form
- Ensure the team decision aligns with the parental consent signature
- Must contain data for both summative and formative assessment





FY24 IEP Monitoring Protocol

- The FY24 IEP Monitoring Protocol will be used to determine compliance of the IEP file(s) selected at both the LEA and state education agency (SEA) levels of review.
- To determine compliance, LEAs must upload all documentation identified within the protocol into the IEP Monitoring platform for review. Documents not uploaded to the monitoring platform or blank documents will be considered noncompliant.
- The narrative for each category found under response criteria gives information allowing clarification for each indicator.

Other Trends



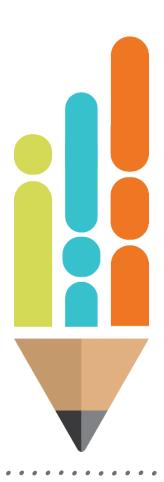


Other Monitoring Components

- Cross-Cutting
- ESSER (1.0, 2.0, & 3.0)
- Students Served by Neglected and/or Delinquent Programs
- Coordinated Early Intervening Services (CEIS)
- Comprehensive Coordinated Early Intervening Services (CCEIS)

Cross-Cutting

- The LEA uploaded an enrollment form that requires a social security number.
 - This requirement could potentially create a barrier to enrollment for students in foster care and other subgroups. ESEA § 1111(g)(1)(E) requires "immediate enrollment even if the child is unable to produce records normally required for enrollment."
- The LEA uploaded an enrollment form where the **birth certificate** was required, and the same requirements were also listed on the website.
 - This requirement could create a potential barrier to enrollment for some students including homeless, EL, immigrant, migrant, and foster care students. McKinney-Vento students must be provided equal access to the same free, appropriate public education, including public preschool education, as is provided to other children and youth [42 U.S.C. § 11431(1)].
 - Schools must enroll children and youth experiencing homelessness immediately, and ensure they receive educational and related services for which they are eligible (42 U.S.C § 11432(g)(6)(A)(iii)), even if they are unable to produce records normally required for enrollment or have missed application or enrollment deadlines during any period of homelessness [42 U.S.C. § 11432(g)(3)(C)(i)].



Cross-Cutting

- There is insufficient evidence that the LEA has a current comprehensive 5-year strategic plan.
 - Per SBE Rule 0520-01-03-03 (14), the LEA must develop a formal five-year strategic plan and submit it to the department for review and approval. The LEA must review and revise the five-year strategic plan every two (2) years.



ESSER (1.0, 2.0, & 3.0)

- According to 2 C.F.R. §200.305, costs must be adequately documented for reimbursements. Supporting documents provided by the LEA did not include evidence of expenditures that matched the reimbursement request that was monitored for ESSER funding.
- The LEA is strongly encouraged to develop and refine procedures to align fiscal processes which work in conjunction to support programs and benefit the students that generated funds.



Students Served by Neglected and/or Delinquent Programs

Some facilities have no process to collect 90-day post-discharge outcomes for the Consolidated State Performance Report (CSPR) data, as required by ESEA § 1431(a). All facilities receiving Title I, Part D, and Title I, Part A—Neglected funds must **attempt to collect 90-day post-discharge outcomes as part of the CSPR process**.



CEIS Monitoring (Voluntary)

Based on the documentation provided for the CEIS monitoring, the LEA did not upload a copy of the 141 general purpose budget for the transferred funds for CEIS. According to 2 C.F.R. § 200.30, the LEA must provide a comparison of expenditures with budget amounts for the CEIS funds budgeted and expended for FY22.



CCEIS Monitoring (Mandatory)

Based on the documentation provided for the CCEIS monitoring, the LEA did not upload copies of the personnel activity reports for the staff paid from the CCEIS 142 funding source. According to 2 C.F.R. § 200.430, "the personnel activity report shall include the funding source the semi-annual certification language must include semi-annual dates for the specific time period (July 1–Dec. 31 and Jan. 1– June 30) for all federally paid personnel."



Activity





Recognition

- You do hard work to benefit Tennessee students!
- Do you have the documentation to prove it?



Identify an area that resonated with you.

- Lack of meeting documentation (date, title, attendees)
- Lack of written procedures
- Inconsistent procedures
- Lack of training
- Barriers to enrollment



Make a plan!

 Write down some action steps that can help remedy a weakness in your LEA.



Resources and Summary





Resources

- Pull your LEA's most recent Monitoring Results.
 - ePlan > Monitoring Instrument > FY23 > Sections Page > Monitoring Results –LEA Response
- Review risk analysis data.
 - ePlan > Data and Information > FY24 > Results-Based Monitoring Risk Analysis
 - FY24 Risk Analysis Guide
- Attend <u>FPO Monitoring Office Hours</u>.
 - Mondays from 1 3 p.m. CT | 2 4 p.m. ET
 - Required Uploads Lists will be available soon for FY24!



IEP Monitoring: Resources

- IEP Monitoring Office Hours
- Mondays from 1 2 p.m. CT/ 2 3 p.m. ET
- IEP Monitoring Protocol
 - TN PULSE > Resource Library > TDOE IEP Monitoring Tool
 - ePlan > <u>TDOE Resources</u> > Monitoring > 2023-24 > FY24 IEP Monitoring
- IEP Monitoring Protocol Summer Training PowerPoint and WebinarTN
 - TN PULSE > Resource Library > TDOE IEP Monitoring Tool
 - ePlan > <u>TDOE Resources</u> > Monitoring > 2023-24 > FY24 IEP Monitoring

Summary

- Review written policies and procedures.
- Plan to review with applicable team members on a regular (at least annual) basis.
- Swap reviewing a colleague's procedures to gain a fresh perspective.
- Review the Documentation list for a detailed list of policies, procedures, and processes required for review.





Thank You!

Questions?

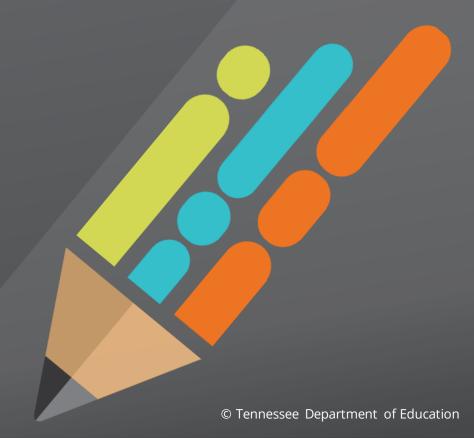
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Tuesday-Thursday Please Share Your Feedback:

You may access the PD by navigating here: https://stateoftennessee.formstack.com/forms/2023fpi_pd_survey





Fraud, Waste or Abuse

Citizens and agencies are encouraged to report fraud, waste, or abuse in State and Local government.

NOTICE: This agency is a recipient of taxpayer funding. If you observe an agency director or employee engaging in any activity which you consider to be illegal, improper or wasteful, please call the state Comptroller's toll-free Hotline:

1-800-232-5454

Notifications can also be submitted electronically at:

http://www.comptroller.tn.gov/hotline

